

CS 337

CA / HTTPS Setup,  
Presentation,  
Review

Benjamin Dicken

## Setup HTTPS with Node + Express + LetsEncrypt

# Wrap up

- Do you feel more confident with your web programming knowledge?
- What topics did you find most interesting?

# Presentation Recording

- 5-8 minutes
- Spend the majority of the time showing the application and it's functionality
- Can spend ~1 min at the end giving an overview of the file structure and code
- You should have a screen recording + audio explanation
  - Video camera is optional
- Can use quicktime or OBS

# Review

- <https://benjdd.com/courses/cs337/spring-2023/schedule/>
- Cumulative exam
- Lets go over a few review questions

# Question 1: Password security

1. In class, we talked about password salting and hashing. Answer each of the following with 1-2 sentences:
  - a. There are many hash functions, but only some are suitable for password hashing. What are 3 important properties of a password hashing function?
  - b. Why is salting needed? Why is salting + hashing better than just hashing on its own?

# Question 1: Password security

1. In class, we talked about password salting and hashing. Answer each of the following with 1-2 sentences:
  - a. One-way, fast, uniqueness, consistent length
  - b. So that same passwords can lead to different hashes

## Question 2: MongoDB and Mongoose

In this question, you should write the complete schema that can model a book. The schema should include information about the **name** (string), **ISBN number** (string), and **page count** (Integer). It should also have a list of **Author** schema types (by ID). Write the code to create the schema.



## Question 2: MongoDB and Mongoose

```
var AuthorSchema = new Author({
  name: String,
  . . . .
});
var Author = mongoose.model('Author', AuthorSchema );

var BookSchema = new Schema({
  name: String,
  isbnNumber: String,
  pageCount: Number,
  authors: [ {type: mongoose.Types.ObjectId, ref: 'Author'} ]
});
var Book = mongoose.model('Book', BookSchema );
```

## Question 3: AJAX

Rewrite this code  
using fetch for the  
AJAX

```
function getItemForList(listName) {
    var httpRequest = new XMLHttpRequest();
    if (!httpRequest) { return false; }

    httpRequest.onreadystatechange = () => {
        if (httpRequest.readyState === XMLHttpRequest.DONE) {
            if (httpRequest.status === 200) {
                let msgs = document.getElementById('items');
                msgs.innerHTML = httpRequest.responseText;
                msgs.scrollTop = msgs.scrollHeight;
            } else { alert('Response failure'); }
        }
    }

    let url = '/items/' + listName;
    console.log(url)
    httpRequest.open('GET', url);
    httpRequest.send();
}
```

## Question 3: AJAX

Rewrite this code  
using fetch for the  
AJAX

```
function getItemsForList(listName) {
  let p = fetch('/items/' + listName, {method:'GET'});
  p.then((result) => {
    return result.text()
  }).then((result) => {
    let msgs = document.getElementById('items');
    msgs.innerHTML = httpRequest.responseText;
    msgs.scrollTop = msgs.scrollHeight;
  }).catch( (error) => {
    alert('Response failure');
  });
}
```

## Question 4: Forms

- Write the HTML for code that has the following functionality:
  - Has a username field, password (with security dots), and an email (that ensures a properly formatted email), and a favorite color
  - Has labels for each field
  - Sends the form data via POST to `http://localhost:80/post/data`

## Question 4: Forms

```
<form method="POST" action="http://localhost:80/post/data" >  
  <label for="username">Username:</label>  
  <input type="text" name="username" id="username" />  
  
  <label for="password">Password:</label>  
  <input type="password" name="password" id="password" />  
  
  <label for="email">Email:</label>  
  <input type="email" name="email" id="email" />  
  
  <label for="color">Color:</label>  
  <input type="color" name="color" id="color" />  
  
  <input type="submit" value="submit" />  
</form>
```

## Question 5: HTTPS

- When a client wants to communicate with a web server securely via HTTPS, there is a process at the beginning of the communication for establishing trust between the client and the server. Draw a diagram that shows the steps of communication leading up to the client and the server being able to communicate with each-other.

# Question 5: HTTPS

